



A shell script to update statistics for web servers using http-analyze

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If you run **http-analyze** for one server only, than a simple *cron(8)* job will do that. But if you are in the hosting business where several virtual hosts have to be processed, a shell script comes handy to automate the process. This report explains the helper utility **run-ha**, a shell script to run **http-analyze** on the logfiles of all web servers. **run-ha** uses **ipresolve** to resolve IP numbers into hostnames and **http-analyze** to create a statistics report for the server.

The first version of **run-ha** uses a hard-coded list of server names defined in **SERVERLIST**. It assumes that the server root is **/www/sitename**, that the statistics directory is **/www/sitename/stats** and that logfiles are below **/www/sitename/httpd/logs/**. The name of the current logfile is **access** and archived logfiles are named **logYYYY/access.MM.gz** (gzip'ed format), where **YYYY** is the year and **MM** is the month. The configuration file is **/www/sitename/httpd/analyze.conf**. The options **-d**, **-m** and **-v** are passed directly to **http-analyze**. If a month and optionally a year is given, the logfile for this period is used. If no month is specified, the logfile for the current month will be processed.

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# Run http-analyze for all servers
#
USAGE="$(basename $0) [-mdv] [MM [YYYY]]"

HA_PATHNAME=/usr/local/bin/http-analyze      # pathname of http-analyze
HA_CONFNAME=httpd/analyze.conf              # name of configuration file

SERVERLIST="clientA clientB"                # list of servers to analyze
SERVERROOT=/www                             # name of the server root

ECHO=": "

while [ $# -gt 0 ]; do
  case $1 in
    -[md]) DEFMODE="$DEFMODE $1" ;;
    -v) DEFMODE="$DEFMODE $1" ; ECHO=echo ;;
    [01][0-9]) MONTH="$1" ;;
    [012][0-9][0-9][0-9]) YEAR="$1" ;;
    *) echo "Invalid parameter: $1\nUsage: $USAGE" 1>&2; exit 1 ;;
  esac
  shift
done

if [ -n "$MONTH" ]; then
  : ${DEFMODE:=-m}
  : ${YEAR:=$(date +%Y)}
  LOGFILE="httpd/logs/log$YEAR/access.$MONTH"
else
  : ${DEFMODE:=-d}
fi

cd $SERVERROOT || { echo "panic: can't change into $SERVERROOT" 1>&2; exit 1; }

for server in $SERVERLIST; do
  $ECHO "Generating new statistics for $server"
  if [ -z "$LOGFILE" ]; then # use default logfile from configuration file
    $HA_PATHNAME $DEFMODE -3f -c $server/$HA_CONFNAME
  elif [ -f "$server/$LOGFILE" ]; then
    $ECHO "processing $SERVERROOT/$server/$LOGFILE"
    $HA_PATHNAME $DEFMODE -3f -c $server/$HA_CONFNAME $server/$LOGFILE
  elif [ -f "$server/${LOGFILE}.gz" ]; then
    $ECHO "processing $SERVERROOT/$server/${LOGFILE}.gz"
    gzcat $server/${LOGFILE}.gz |
      $HA_PATHNAME $DEFMODE -3f -c $server/$HA_CONFNAME -
  else
    echo "no logfile for $MONTH $YEAR of $server found" 1>&2
  fi
  $ECHO "\n\c"
done
exit 0
```

The second version of **run-ha** is a **bash**-script, which creates a list of servers to process automatically from the configuration file of an Apache web server. The server root is `/www/vhosts/sitename`, where `sitename` is the domain name of the virtual server (either `www.site.domain` or just `site.domain`). The document root is under `/www/vhosts/sitename/htdocs/`. The statistics directory is located below the document root (`htdocs/stats/`). The logfiles are under `/www/vhosts/sitename/logs/`. A missing `logs` directory means that **run-ha** should skip this server. In addition to **http-analyze**, the program **ipresolve** is called to resolve IP numbers into hostnames.

```
#
# Run http-analyze for all our customers
#
USAGE="$(basename $0) [-v]"

APACHE_CFG=/usr/local/etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf

IR_PATHNAME=/usr/local/bin/ipresolve
IR_DATABASE=/var/tmp/DNS
HA_PATHNAME=/usr/local/bin/http-analyze
HA_CONFNAME=http-analyze.conf
DEFMODE="-m3f -F elf -b 102400"

SERVERLIST=`sed -n 's/^ServerName[      ][*\(.*\)/\1/p' $APACHE_CFG`
SERVERROOT=/www/vhosts

ECHO=": "

while [ $# -gt 0 ]; do
  case $1 in
    -h) echo "Usage: $USAGE"; exit 0 ;;
    -v) DEFMODE="$DEFMODE $1" ; ECHO=echo ;;
    -e) ECHO=echo ;;
    [01][0-9]) MONTH="$1" ;;
    [012][0-9][0-9][0-9]) YEAR="$1" ;;
    *) echo "Invalid parameter: $1\nUsage: $USAGE" 1>&2; exit 1 ;;
  esac
  shift
done

if [ -n "$MONTH" ]; then
  : ${YEAR:=$(date +%Y)}
  LOGTEMPLATE="log$YEAR/access.$MONTH"
fi

# change into the root directory of all virtual hosts
cd $SERVERROOT || { echo "Couldn't change into directory $SERVERROOT" 1>&2; exit 1; }

for server in $SERVERLIST; do
  #
  # First, check for the document root with and w/o the prefix "www."
  #
  if [ -d www.$server/ ]; then server=www.$server; fi
  if [ ! -d $server ]; then
    echo "No document root found for $server in $SERVERROOT" 1>&2
    continue
  fi

  # absence of logs directory means skip this vhost
  if [ ! -d $server/logs ]; then continue; fi

  # select proper logfile
  if [ -n "$MONTH" ]; then
    LOGFILE="$server/logs/log$YEAR/access_log.$MONTH"
  else
    LOGFILE="$server/logs/access_log"
  fi

  if [ ! -s "$LOGFILE" ]; then
    echo "Can't open the logfile \"$SERVERROOT/$LOGFILE\" for vhost $server" 1>&2
    continue
  fi

  # Create the statistics directory
  STATS_DIR=$server/stats
  if [ ! -d "$STATS_DIR" ]; then mkdir $STATS_DIR 2>/dev/null; fi
  if [ ! -d "$STATS_DIR" ]; then
    echo "Can't create directory \"$SERVERROOT/$STATS_DIR\" for statistics" 1>&2
    continue
  fi

  #
  # Generate statistics
  #
  $ECHO "Generating new statistics for $server"
  if [ -f $server/$HA_CONFNAME ]; then
    $IR_PATHNAME -d $IR_DATABASE $LOGFILE |
      $SHA_PATHNAME $DEFMODE -c $server/$HA_CONFNAME -o $STATS_DIR -
  else
    $IR_PATHNAME -d $IR_DATABASE $LOGFILE |
      $SHA_PATHNAME $DEFMODE -S $server -o $STATS_DIR -
  fi
done
exit 0
```

To have the **run-ha** script executed automatically, add an entry like the following in the crontab of the server user (do **NOT** use **root**'s crontab!):

```
# crontab file for http-analyze statistics
#
# Format of lines:
# min hour daymo month daywk cmd
#
17 1,13 * * * /usr/local/bin/run-ha -m
17 8-22 * * * /usr/local/bin/run-ha -d
```

This causes the script to be called at 01:17 and 13:17 each day to produce a full statistics and each hour between 08:17 and 22:17 to produce a short (**-d**) statistics report. On the 1st of a month, the **rotate-httpd** script, which rotates (saves) the logfile can also call **run-ha** explicitly, in which case you should avoid to run it via *cron(8)*. See *TR-02-2003-09-08* for more information.

The script can be customized to almost all web server installations. Some things to keep in mind are:

- Always have **http-analyze** process all logfiles for the current month in full statistics mode, otherwise the statistics can get zeroed.
- If you analyze older periods than the current month, anything between this period and the current month will be lost except when you specify the **-n** option to not update the history! **run-ha** passes this option to **http-analyze**.
- If you use **http-analyze 2.5** or **ipresolve 2.0**, they can both read gzip'ed logfiles directly.
- The **logs** subdirectory is always under the site's server root. The **stats** subdirectory can reside inside or outside the document root. Access to certain parts of the statistics or the whole report might require authentication. The configuration file for **http-analyze** should always be outside the document root.

run-ha is included in **http-analyze** since version 2.4.

rotate-httpd is included in **http-analyze** since version 2.4.

ipresolve 2.0 is available through our Customer Support site and will shortly become available to everyone.

Please send comments, enhancements, tips and tricks to: office@rent-a-guru.de.